Yenching
Corres.
Wu, Chenfu Francis
1941-1945
Wu, Chi-Yu 1931-1943

JAMES G. NEEDHAM
Cornell University

File Wu

Ithaca, N. Y., 6th Oct. 1941

Mr. C. A. Evans,
Yen Ching University Office
150 Fifth Ave., New York.

Dear Mr. Evans:

This is to certify that Dr. Chen Fu F. Wu has been appointed a Resident Doctor in the Graduate School of Cornell University for the academic year of 1941-42.

Yours sincerely,

James G. Needham

James G. Needham
Emeritus Professor of Entomology.

This is sadly belated, because the letter from Dr. Wu requesting that I send it to you, dated Peiping, July 3d 1941, has just been received heretoday, October 6th.

J.G.N.

AMERICAN RED CROSS

Emergency Hospital No. 1

Mandaluyong, Manila, P.I.

March 17, 1945

Dear Dr. Stuart:

It gives me very great pleasure to write you again after a lapse of three years. I sailed from Shanghai on S. S. President Madison on Nov. 27, 1941 and arrived in Manila on Dec. 2. Our party from Peiping included Dr. Whitacre and Dr. C. T. Ch'in (Mrs. Y. K. Wu) of P.U.M.C. and Miss Pai Ho-I and myself from Yenching. I am very grateful to Mr. C. A. Evans for sending me a part of my salary (U.S.$1,000.00).

Realizing that I would be stranded here for some time, I made up my mind to study medicine. In 1942 I was admitted with advanced credits to the 2nd year class of the college of Medicine of the University of Philippines (U.P.). In the course of 3 years (1942-1945) I have successfully fulfilled all the academic and clinical requirements which are prescribed for the 2nd, 3rd, and 4th years in Medicine in the Philippine General Hospital (P.G.H.) which is a part of U.P. Beginning this month I am serving my interneship here.

From Feb. 3 to 17 our Hospital was used by the Japanese as base of operation and we did not believe that we would survive until we were liberated by the American Army in the afternoon of Feb. 17, exactly 4 weeks ago today.

Our University (U.P.) and Hospital (P.G.H.) as well as a greater part of Manila have been destroyed by fire. The majority of our medical faculty, internes and students are now assigned to work here in this Emergency Hospital No. 1 (which is set up in the premises of the Psychopathic Hospital, at MANDALUYONG, Manila).

Having had the ambition for years to study medicine and being so much overwhelmed with thill and interest in the subject I am now determined to serve my interneship and complete my medical education in another year. My greatest problem now is, if I continue my interneship here under the present make-shift arrangements I shall not be able to learn much.

The College of Medicine of the University of Philippines was formally recognized by a charter of the New York University, and our graduates have heretofore been admitted directly to post-graduate work to Johns Hopkins and many other leading American Medical Colleges. For this reason, I am hoping to serve my interneship in America in any of the Medical Colleges mentioned below. May I request you to help making the arrangements for me.

As soon as I know one of these colleges will accept me as an interne, I will request the Dean of our Medical College here to send my transcript along with the statement certifying my completion of the 4th year medicine here.

I believe most of the Colleges in the States open in September or October. If I can leave here in July or August I will arrive in time for work to complete my interneship in 12 months by August of 1946.

Meanwhile, I am very much interested in your plans for the future of Yenching University. May I assure you my willingness and readiness to continue my service at the University in whatever form and stage of planning, especially for the College of Natural Sciences. By serving my interneship in America I can probably render greater service to you and the University.

The Medical Colleges, from which I hope you will help me to secure admission for interneship, are listed below by order of preference:

1) The Rockefeller Medical Center in New York City. As a Follow of the Foundation during 1933-34 I had the pleasure of meeting Dr. Alan Gregg and others. Dr. S. M. Gunn and Dr. Houghton may be there now. With your recommendation and with my previous connection with the Foundation, I am hoping to be admitted for interneship (during 1945-46).

2) The Cornell Medical School in New York City. I took my Ph.D. from Cornell in 1922 and I hope to be admitted as an alumnus on your recommendation. Prof. J. G. Needham in Entomology at Ithaca will surely be willing to support my application. I was visiting Professor of Entomology at Cornell during 1933-34.

3) The Medical College of New York University in N.Y.C. Dr. H. E. Meleney (formerly P.U.M.C.) is now Professor of Medicine there (his address is: 266 First Avenue, N.Y.C.). I happened to know him very well while in Peiping and I am sure he will gladly recommend my admission.

4) The Medical College of the University of Minnesota, St. Paul, Minn. I was granted an Honorary Fellowship in Entomology for 1941-42 through Prof, W. A. Riley, Division of Entomology, University of Minnesota,University Farm, St. Paul, Minn. Kindly get in touch with him and I am sure he will help to secure admission for me for interneship.

5) Dr. Whitacre..... Dr. Whitacre was here with us until the fall of 1943. Just before he returned to America as a repatriate he told me to get in touch with him through you or Dr. Houghton. He assured me that he would do everything he can for me in case I want to serve my interneship in America.

May I therefore request you to proceed with the arrangements, as soon as possible, for my admission as an interne in any of the medical colleges given above or any other medical college in the States. Once the arrangement is made, please negotiate with the State Department in Washington, D.C. for the permission for me to come to America, if possible by AIR transportation. Without instruction from the State Department it is quite impossible for us to secure any kind of transportation here. I can leave here on very short notice and in fact I would like to come before the end of May so that I can start my interneship in June.

Please do keep me informed by CABLE with the progress of your arrangement so that I may have my transcript sent ahead of me and may have time to get ready for departure. My address here is:

CHENFUWU, CARE DR. JOSON, PSYCHOPATHIC HOSPITAL

MANDALUYONG, MANILA, P. I.

I was fortunate enough to meet one of my old schoolmates in Soochow University and through him I was able to obtain loans to cover my tuition, books, and living expenses during the last 3 years. During the fire last month I lost all my personal belongings but I was able to save most of my books and practically all my notes. May I request you to send me at your earliest convenience the sum of U.S.c$2,000.00 so that I may re-equip myself with the minimum outfit, dispense with my current expenses and use the remaining sum for my travelling expenses.

I have with me my 1941 Chinese Passport and American Visa. I believe that with instruction from the State Department I can have them renewed and extended at the American and Chinese Consulates here in Manila. Enclosed I am sending herewith a brief statement of my personal brevities, qualifications and documents on hand.

Dr. Chent'ing Ch'in (Mrs. Y. K. Wu) had been connected with the Department of Pediatrics at Cheeloo and P.U.M.C. for 3 years and was on her way to the States to join her husband at Missouri and to pursue advanced studies in Pediatrics. Miss A. M. Pearce of the China Medical Board of the Rockefeller Foundation (49 West 49th Street, N.Y.C.) had arranged for her to study in the Barnes' Hospital in St. Louis, Missouri for the year 1941-42.

During the last 3 years while being stranded here, she attached herself to the Department of Pediatrics in P.G.H. and at the suggestion of Dr. Whitacre, she made a special study and research in Hematology under Prof. Stransky.

Her husband, Dr. Y. K. Wu formerly of P.U.M.C. has returned to Chungking and she has already had correspondence with him regarding her plans. She is now definitely planning to continue her trip to America on her own expenses for a year of advanced studies so that she will be better prepared in her field.

Will you be kind enough to help her also in obtaining admission to the Barnes' Hospital at St. Louis, Missouri, or any of the Hospitals in the States so that she may be accepted as an interne or resident in Pediatrics for one year, 1945-45. Miss Pearce, Dr. Houghton or Dr. Whitacre will be glad to do everything they can for her, so please get in touch with them.

She has her Chinese Passport (No. 385930) issued at Tientsin in June, 1941 but her American Visa and other documents together with her personal effects were destroyed by the fire last month. She is now also working here in the Emergency Hospital.

Will you kindly include her in your request to the State Department in Washington for

1) Reissue of her American Visa by the American Consulate here in Manila.

2) Permission to proceed from Manila to U.S.A. if possible by AIR transportation. She can also leave here on short notice.

As to Miss Pai Ho-I, she has been very fortunate to have two of her aunts and several cousins here. I have not had a chance yet to discuss with her about her plans but I am sure she would be very happy if she can have her fellowship renewed so that she may have one or two years of advanced studies in the States as originally planned. If Miss Kramer and Miss Mills are willing to recommend her for such fellowships I believe she will be ready to come to America with me and Dr. C. T. Ch'in. Kindly, therefore, include her in your consideration and if possible, please negotiate with the State Department for all three of us as a party, for the permission to come to America by AIR transportation some time in May.

I am sincerely hoping that through your recommendation and the influence of all our friends mentioned above, successful arrangement will be made for us to come as early as in May. I am also hoping that in less than a year we will all be making plans to return to China and resume our work in Peiping. May I request you to cable me from time to time regarding the progress of your arrangements and may I hope that you will be able to remit me the sum requested above at an early date.

Closing herewith my kindest regards to you and my warmest greetings to all my friends and acquaintances,

I am

Yours faithfully as ever

/s/ Francis

Rec'd. Apr. 9th, 1945. CHENFU F. WU.

DR. CHENFU FRANCIS WU

PERSONAL BREVITIES:

Born in Changhai, China, November 21, 1896.
Degrees: B. Sc., Soochow University, Soochow China (1917)
M. Sc., " " " # (1919)
Ph. D., Cornell University, Ithaca, N. Y. (1922)

Academic Honors:
Sigma Xi, Cornell University (1922)
Phi Tau Phi, Soochow University (1924)
Beta Beta Beta (Biological) Yenching University (1929)
King Medal, Peking Society of Natural History (1939)
Mu Sigma Phi (Medical) University of Philippines (1943)

Experience:

Professor of Biology, Soochow University (1922-26)
Professor of Biology, Yenching University (1926-41)
Visiting Professor of Entomology, Cornell University (1933-34)
Acting Dean, College of Natural Sciences, Yenching Univ. (1939-40)

Author:
A Catalogue of Chinese Insects, 6 volumes (1934-41)
A Monograph of Chinese Stoneflies, 1 volute (1940)

Leave of absence: from Yenching University, Peiping China (for 1941-42)

Honorary Fellow: University of Minnesota (for 1941-42)

Sailed from Shanghai, China on S. S. President Madison on Nov. 27, 1941.

Arrived in Manila on Dec. 2, 1941.

QUALIFICATIONS IN MEDICINE:

Admitted with advanced credits to 2nd year medicine in University of Philippines (1942)

Completed academic and clinical requirements for 4th year Medicine in U.P. (February 1945).

Interne in Emergency Hospital No. 1, Mandaluyong, Manila, P.I. from March, 1945.

DOCUMENTS ON HAND: Chinese Passport, No. 385919, issues at Tientsin on June 24, 1941
Chinese Certificate (Section 6) No. 923, issued at Tientsin on June 24, 1941.
Non-quota Immigration Visa No. 17 issued by American Consulate at Tientsin, Oct. 17, 1941.
Alien Registration, issued by American Consulate at Tientsin, Oct. 17, 1941.
Department of State's Clearance received by American Consulate at Tientsin in a telegraphic instruction No. 90, dated Oct. 7, 1941.
Alien Certificate of Registration No. 227337 issued at Manila, Dec. 23, 1941.

CLASS OF SERVICE
This is a full-rate Telegram or Cablegram unless its deferred character is indicated by a suitable symbol above or preceding the address.

PM 12 36

WESTERN UNION

1201

(31

A. N. WILLIAMS
PRESIDENT

SYMBOLS
DL = Day Letter
NL = Night Letter
LC = Deferred Cable
NLT = Cable Night Letter
Ship Radiogram

The filing time shown in the date line on telegrams and day letters is STANDARD TIME at point of origin. Time of receipt is STANDARD TIME at point of destination

NBE18 INTL=S MANILA VIA PREWI 24 APR 1 NFT 45 APR 2 PM 12 34

NLT LEIGHTON STUART=

150 FIFTH AVE NYK=

PLEASE NEGOTIATE STATE DEPARTMENT FOR IMMIGRATION TRANSPORTATION REMIT TWO THOUSAND DOLLARS REPLY CARE PRESS WIRELESS=

CHENFU WU.

chen-fu Wu.

1150.

563.
1539
1000
5395
1248
526
1200
1726.48

THE COMPANY WILL APPRECIATE SUGGESTIONS FROM ITS PATRONS CONCERNING ITS SERVICE

April 13, 1945

Dr. Chen-fu Wu
c/o Dr. Joson
Psychopathic Hospital
Mandaluyong
Manila, P. I.

Dear Dr. Wu:

We received your cable addressed to Dr. Stuart and also the letter which came to hand later. Almost simultaneously we received a telephone message from the China Medical Board stating that they likewise had received a letter asking for assistance from Dr. Houghton. The daily papers are carrying news items from time to time indicating that Dr. Stuart, Dr. Houghton and Mr. Bowen are still closely confined in Peking. We are hoping and praying that they will secure relief before the area is totally devastated.

Your cable to Dr. Stuart requested us to remit $2,000. Up to today no way has been opened whereby remittances can be sent to you. We are watching this carefully day by day. Undoubtedly as soon as banking facilities are restored the transmission of funds will then become possible.

You requested also that Dr. Stuart negotiate with the State Department for immigration transportation. Approaches have been made in several instances and it seems wisest at the present time to refrain from urging any such action. Many Americans were interned; whereas, you had a certain amount of freedom and apparently you were able to continue your work and accomplish a great deal. The thought is that those who have suffered from malnutrition and otherwise must be taken care of first. We have been told that it might jeopardize future applications for admission to the United States to press further at the present time.

To return to the money situation. Our understanding is that there was a $2,000 fellowship arranged for you of which $500.00 was paid to you in Peking. We advanced $1,000 to you just before Pearl Harbor and there is approximately $500.00 on hand at the present time. You have also participated in the Annuity Plan and if you were to retire from Yenching at the present time, the contributions you have made, plus interest and the 50% contribution by Yenching would yield something between $1,000 and $1,200. The exact amount would have to be determined by the Insurance Company.

I have read your letter regarding your purpose in visiting America with great interest and I am able to make some immediate comments thereon. First of all, there seems to be no chance whatsoever at this time for any assistance from The

Rockefeller Foundation. In the same paragraph you mention the Medical Center which is known in New York technically as the Presbyterian Hospital. I have made some preliminary investigations and there seems to be no chance there whatsoever unless the person is on hand, and even then a very, very slim chance.

Before doing anything regarding Cornell or New York University, I am sending a copy of your letter to Dr. Riley. It is quite possible he will have some recommendations to make. In all probability the best and most economical course for you at present would be for you to finish your work in Manila and return to China. However, you are the best judge as to the possibilities of carrying on in this manner.

Any new developments will be reported to you by air mail.

Very sincerely yours,

C. A. EVANS

CAE/B

Via Air Mail

FAST DIRECT

RADIOGRAM

RCA COMMUNICATIONS, INC.

RECEIVED AT 64 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK 4, AT 6 JUN 5 1945 STANDARD TIME

via RCA

BR

BFB 830 CHUNGKING VIA RCA 17 (14) 1050

DLT CARL EVANS 150 FIFTH AVE NEWYORK =

CABLES REMITTANCE RECEIVED THANKS RETURNED CHUNGKING CENTRAL HOSPITAL = CHENFU WU .

Relayed to Miss Pearce over telephone KLB 6/5/45

Telephone: HAnover 2-1811 To secure prompt action on inquiries, this original RADIOGRAM should be presented at the office of RCA COMMUNICATIONS, Inc. In telephone inquiries quote the number preceding the place of origin.

Form 112 TA 134-R

Wu, Chi-Yu
1931-1945

366/5652

ECOLE DE PRINCETON
VOYAGES D'ETUDES INTERNATIONALES

JOHN B. WHITTON, *Directeur*
professeur à l'Académie de Droit International de la Haye, à l'Institut des Hautes Etudes Internationales, et à l'Université de Princeton

Princeton University, New Jersey
22, Place St. André-des-Arts, Paris, France

March 8/31

My dear Mr. Wu:

I was much pleased with the report you prepared for the Graduate Seminar on the Consultative Part. You proved that you have unusual ability in the rôle of the historian; my suggestions for improving your paper concern merely your legal analysis, which could follow the lines suggested by me in my notations on your last page.

Much gratified by the good work you are doing, and with sincerest hopes that you have reassuring news from your family. I am

Sincerely yours,

John B. Whitton

Wu. Chi-yü

33 Bank Street
Princeton, N. J.
March 14, 1931

Dear President Stuart,

I am very glad to learn that you are going to arrive at this part of the country very soon. I am very anxious to be able to see you and talk with you over some of the problems I have met here; and would like to request that you kindly let me know if you can give me an audience in New York some time during your stay in this country. With thanks and best wishes, I am,

Your student
Chi-yü Wu

33 Bank Street
Princeton, N. J.
March 19, 1931

Dear President Stuart,

I don't know if you have been in this country already. However, I hope you have and that you have enjoyed a very good trip. In the last letter which I wrote you I have told you that I have met some problems here and wish to talk over them with you. In view of the fact that you may be too busy and not able to give me an audience I think it may be better for me to write you directly about just what problems I have.

I am not sure if you have noticed that I have been a student of the Political Science Department all the time I have been in Yenching. Recently, however, a very big and momentous change as regards my major interests came into my mind. This change is that I have become recently more interested in the study of pure history instead of political science. Of the reasons for such a change the following two may be said to be the most important. The first one is that for the last four years I have devoted most of my time and two years thereof exclusively to the study of the history (racial, cultural, and political) of the regions what we may roughly called Central Asia, comprising therein Western Mongolia, Dzungaria, Chinese Turkestan, Tibet and Afghanistan. This study is unique in its nature in that it treats the history of the Central Asian regions from the racial, cultural and political points of view, which none of the past or current scholars have yet done similarly. It is hence a comparatively new but very rich field for investigation, in the process of which I believe I have discovered many new facts and also corrected many of the mistakes that I think both Western and Chinese authorities have made on the subject. According to the recent news from Yenching, I am told that results of my study have been published as one of the issues of the Yenching Political Science Series by the Political Science Department; and it is , of course, not necessary for me to say that I am very much interested in the study, more so than I am interested in the study of political science.

Another reason for my change of mind is more fundemental and is based on my mental aptitude. It is very interesting to note that in all the studies I have had in my life I have always demonstrated myself to be a better historian than any other thing else; although I also believe that in the latter cases I have done just well as most of my schoolmates or classmates. For this statement you can get verification from Dr. Shuhsi Hsu, Professor Y. K. Kuo,

Mr. Kiam Ma, and Mr. Hsin Lang Chang in our university, who all know something about the substance of my academic achievements. More interesting, however, is the fact that the same opinion is held by the Princeton Professors with regard to my work; and to give testimony to my statement I think it may be interesting to send you herewith a letter my major professor has sent me recently in commenting upon one of my written papers.

This being the case, I don't know if you will sustain the idea that I should make a bold and desicive change of my major interests from political science to history inorder that my ability may be used to its fullest advantage, and if you would think it be advisable for me to join the Harvard-Yenching Institute to continue the study further of the races and culture of Chinese Turkestan Tibet, Mongolia, and other Central Asian regions. As I am only twenty six years of age I do think that I am still young enough to make any change. Besides, I am also interested to know if the Institute would be willing to grant me some sort of fellowship or allowance, and its other possibilities and previlleges such as doing research work in other countries, and more important, in case of availabe chance to subsidize an expedition into the Central Asian regions to make such investigations as will be necessary for the success of my work. I don't think it is necessary or proper for me to narrate further my personal qualifications in this respect the particulars of which you can easily get from Dr. Shuhsi Hsu, Professor Y. K. Kuo, Mr. Hsin Lang Chang, and also less preferably Mr. Kiam Ma. Iam also writing to Professor de Vargars in Harvard university and sending him a list of books in German, French, and English languages (Chinese books exclusive) that I have used in my research, and a race chart of the Central Asian regions; and would like to request you to communicate to him on this matter. Lastly, I do also hope that I can see you some time in New York if you are not too busy. Will you please tell me if you can? Sincerely hoping that you will have very successful trip and sending you my heartiest thanks, I am,

Your student,

Chi-yü Wu

(Ch'i-yü Wu)

March 31, 1931

My dear Mr. Wu:

I have your two letters and feel very much interested in the problem you have outlined. I am hoping to be at Princeton Monday and Tuesday of next week and shall probably be staying with Professor Corwin, 115 Prospect Avenue. I shall look forward to having a visit with you then.

However, I fear that circumstances prevent me from being of any practical help to you at present. Harvard-Yenching Institute is in process of being re-organized and nothing will be done except to carry on what is already arranged for until a new committee is appointed and begins to function in China. This will not be for several months at the earliest, and the policy to be adopted will depend upon its decisions. In general, however, I doubt if there will be but very few fellowships given for Chinese students studying in this country except where there is some direct bearing on the training this may give in Chinese subjects. My own finances have never been more strained than at present and I have taken responsibility for university projects or help to individual students until I absolutely cannot do anything more. None the less, I am, as you know, deeply interested in your welfare and if there is anything that can be done, I shall not fail to do my best.

Hoping to see you soon.

Very sincerely yours,

Mr. Chi-Yü Wu
33 Bank Street
Princeton, N. J.

JLS:KK

N. C. Graduate College
Princeton, N. J.
April 12, 1932

My dear President Stuart

It is a pleasure to hear that you have again come back to the country. I have been expecting for some time to meet you in Princeton to talk over the plans which I have recently thought out, but as I was told by Professor Corwin that you may not be coming here at all, I think I may as well write you a letter.

It is understood from various resources that you seemed to have carried a rather unfavorable impression about me as a result of the interview we had had here last year. However that might be, I am glad to be able to report to you that I have made some decided and permanent improvements both in my physical health and in intellectual achievements during the present academic year, and that I have been practically all over with that eccentric nervousness which has done a tremendous harm on both my mental & physical systems. As the thing now stands, I am looking forward to take the first part examination for my doctor's degree this Spring with a fair hope to pass it. But as I have changed both the nature and scope of my thesis — I have to do so — it is hardly to be expected that I will finish it by the beginning of this coming fall, after which, as I have told Dr. Hall, I wish to join the staff of the Political Science department in Yenching.

To President Stuart.

Besides, I have also been hoping that if I have time to spare I may go a little deeper into the various phases of international relations of the recent time, and also get a general view of the socialistic tendencies as are embodied or crystallized into the institutions of the various countries. This being the case, as I am now writing to ask you if it may be possible for you to get some sort of fellowship or scholarship, say from Rockfeller Foundation, or some other financial means ~~on~~ my behalf so that I may be able to finance the expenses throughout a third year's stay. I am fully aware that in so doing I may be adding another burden to the tremendous task which you are now undertaking but Dear President, may I say that just now my life is fast assuming a definite shape of some sort of greater social utility, and that I have a legitimate interest to see that it should become so. I have already said that I have expressed wish to Dr. Hsu to serve Yenching, and I would be glad also to hear your opinion about it. With sincere wishes for successes in your work here and hearty thanks, I am,

Yours respectfully,

Chi-yü Wu

April 15, 1932

My dear Chü-Yu:

Your letter has just reached me and I am writing at once to assure you of my pleasure at the good news about your improved condition and the hope that you will continue to improve.

I know that Doctor Hsu is counting on having you back next autumn and has provided for it in the budget. I need scarcely add that this is with my own hearty endorsement. I am very happy that matters have worked out in such a way that we could look forward to having you back again at Yenching.

Regarding financial help, I fear that there is not any prospect of my being able to do a thing for you. I have appealed to every friend of the University with whom I am in touch, and almost every one is at present in such a difficult financial situation that any new request for money is practically certain to be refused. Unless Doctor Corwin were able to arrange something through the Rockefeller Foundation, I could not make any further request to them in view of the many things I have already asked for. In addition to all this, I am leaving here tonight to be gone several days, and leave for China the end of next week. My time is fully occupied with duties already assigned. I am sure you realize the necessity for my writing thus to you. I have scarcely ever been more constantly rushed and more worried over financial problems.

With heartiest sympathy, believe me,

Very sincerely yours,

Mr. Chu-Yu Wu
11-C Graduate College
Princeton, N. J.

JLS:KK

c/o Library of Congress
Chinese Division
Washington, D. C.
April 8, 1933

President J. L. Stuart
c/o Yenching University
150 Fifth Avenue
New York City, N. Y.

Dear President Stuart,

I thank you for your kind letteraand fully sympathize with you in your difficult situation which I quite anticipated when I wrote you last. It seemed, however, that my situation has become definitely more precarious than before as since I wrote I have received a letter from one of my friends in China, informing me of the absolute hopelessness of any fellowship being granted to me. With the situation as such, I do hope that some thing may be arranged with the Princeton-Yenching authorities, and I shall certainly feel extremely grateful for anything you will be kind enough to do in my favor. My thesis has now been finally completed after a long and some how unnecessary delay, and I hope I may be able to present it to Princeton within a short time. It is a source of satisfaction and happiness for me under this hard circumstance, and I am sure you will feel happy for me too.

With every good wish for success in your work and with hearty thanks, I am
Very sincerely yours,

Chi-yü Wu

Ch'i-yu Wu

April 21, 1933.

My dear Chi-yu:

I have your letter and am deeply touched by what you write about your present problem. I shall bring it up next week at a meeting of the Princeton-Yenching Foundation, which is to be held the day of my return to New York. I am leaving now for the train, to be absent several days, and can only send you this hurried note.

Very sincerely yours,

JLS

Mr. Ch'i-yu Wu
c/o Chinese Division
Library of Congress
Washington, D.C.

(Dr. Stuart had to leave the city before this letter could be typed.)

A.

Copy, with 2 letters from above, sent to Mr. Gamble.

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON RURAL RECONSTRUCTION

I. Principles:

1. It is recommended that the rural reconstruction work undertaken by the College of Public Affairs should follow the course outlined by the New Hsien Government System enforced by the National Government since 1940 and this section of work will hereafter be named Rural Administration.

2. Under the section of Rural Administration, there will be four divisions of work, namely:
   a. Political Administration
   b. Economic Administration
   c. Social Administration
   d. Educational Administration

   The work of these divisions will be respectively taken care of by the three departments of the college, i.e., the division of political administration by the Department of Political Science, the division of economic administration by the Department of Economics, and those of social administration and educational administration by the Department of Sociology.

3. In view of the fact that the standard curriculum enforced by the Ministry of Education leaves a small number of credits for elective courses, thus not allowing a high degree of specialization, and that the standard curriculum of the respective departments of the college has already included many courses that the rural program would require, the work of the section of Rural Administration will be condensed into a minimum program and each course will be planned for not more than 3 credits.

4. Students specializing in Rural Administration will be required to reside in rural districts for the length of two summer vacation.

II. Training Program:

A. General Requirements:

	No. of Credits
Chinese Local Government	3
Rural Economics	3
Rural Community	3
Problems of Rural Reconstruction in China	3

B. Division Requirement:

(1) Division of Political Administration:

Local Government of Foreign States	3
Public Administration	3
Elements of Criminal Law	3
Municipal Government	3

(2) Division of Economic Administration:

(a) Sub-division A - Co-operative administration:

Principles of Co-operation	3
Management of Co-operative Societies	3

Auditing 3
Land Economics 3

(b) Sub-division B - Financial Administration:
Local Finance 3
Financial Administration 3
Taxation 3
Land Economics 3

(3) Division of Social Administration:

(a) Sub-division A - Community Organization:
*Social Problems 3
*Introduction to Social Work 3
*Social Case Work 3
*Social Group Work 3
*Administration of Social Agencies 3
Social Legislation 3
Social Insurance 3
Public Health 3
Civil Law 6
Principles of Economics 6

(b) Sub-division B - Medical Social Service and Public Health:
*Social Problems 3
*Introduction to Social Work 3
*Social Case Work 3
*Public Health 3
*Mental Hygiene 3
Psychiatric Social Work 3
Child Welfare Problems 3
Social Insurance 3

(c) Sub-division C - Child Welfare:
*Child Welfare Problem 3
*Child Training 3
*Child Disease 3
*Child Psychology 3
*Management of Children Institutions 3
*Social Case Work 3
Introduction to Social Work 3
Psychiatric Social Work 3
Nursery School 3
Mental Hygiene 3
Elementary Dietetics 3

(Courses marked with * are required courses)

(4) Division of Education Administration:
Introduction to Rural Education 3
Chinese Frontier Education 3
Educational Administration 3
Educational Sociology 3

III. Extension Work:

A. It is recommended that a field station be set up in one of the suburbs of Chengtu for experimental and research purposes. This station will also provide the students with a field of practice.

B. A travelling unit consisting of professors and a few senior students may be organized during vacations. The purpose of this group will be to assist the local governments to study the problems confronting them and to recommend measures for the improvement of the administration.

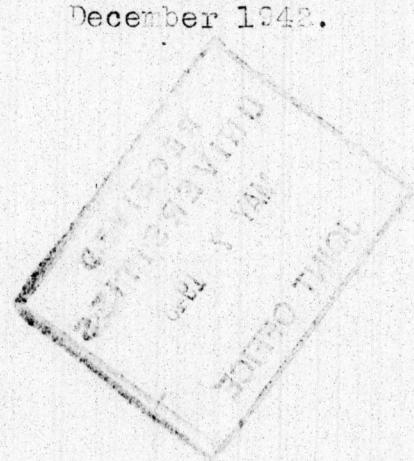
IV. Personal Research:

Instructors in rural subjects will be given all facilities for research in their own specialized field of studies. The research projects which are ready to start are as follows:

1. The Chinese Co-operative Movement by Cheng Lin-Chuang:-
Mr. Cheng had completed the writing of an article on the Chinese Consumers' Co-operation and had also completed the collection of materials on co-operative credit and marketing in China up to the outbreak of the Sino-Japanese War when he was in Peiping. The study can be made complete by following up the development of the movement after the War and special attention must be given to the work done by the Chinese Industrial Co-operative Association.

2. A Study of the System of Apprenticeship in Chengtu by Liao Tai-chu:-
On account of the large number of small old-fashioned workshops located in Chengtu, the problem of apprentice education is worth studying. Mr. Liao has commenced the study with the assistance of the students in his classes. The study does not confine itself to educational aspects in any narrow sense. It includes also a sociological approach to the problem.

December 1942.



Cheng Lin-chuang
(Convener)
Chou Li-chiu
Liao Tai-chu

燕京大學

YENCHING UNIVERSITY IN CHENGTU

CHENGTU CHINA

CABLE ADDRESS
YENTA

25th February 1943

Mr. Carl A. Evans,
Yenching University Office,
150 Fifth Avenue,
New York City,
U.S.A.

Dear Mr. Evans,

I read with great interest and pleasure your letter of Oct. 27, 1942 to Dr. Y. P. Mei regarding the finances of Yenching. Particularly I feel happy to know that there is a Princeton-Yenching Foundation appropriation of $6,500 designated for the College of Public Affairs and that the money will be released upon the submission of a definite program of procedure. In accordance with this request, I am, therefore, sending you the Semi-Annual Report of the C.P.A. in the capacity of the Acting Dean of the College. We hope that the report will prove acceptable to you and that the fund will be made available immediately.

I have little to add to what is in the report. But I do, however, want to call your attention to the financial statement in the Report. Particularly I would like to call your attention to the fact the Rockefeller grant to the College will expire at the end of the next academic year, and that there is the risk of its being discontinued after that. It is, therefore, our earnest hope that the Princeton-Yenching Foundation may do some financial planning in the meantime in order to meet this contingency, and we shall certainly appreciate it very much if you can inform us to the possibility in this direction.

There is little news concerning our old colleagues in Peiping. President Stuart is still being watched very closely and is very much segregated from the others. There was once talk about repatriation of the foreign members of the faculty. But it seems to be quite far off yet. As to the Chinese colleagues of the College, both Gideon Chen and Chao Chen Hsin have been set free since last July. There is possibility that Mr. Chao may return to Hong Kong in the near future. In that case we hope he can sneak thru and come here. With best wishes,

I am

Yours very sincerely

Chi-yü Wu

Chi-yu Wu

CYW/NK

Semi-Annual Report to the Princeton-Yenching Foundation

The members of the College of Public Affairs feel particularly happy that they are able to report to the Princeton-Yenching Foundation that the College has formally reopened in Free China after having endured many suffocating years in Peiping. From the very beginning when the reopening of the University was talked about, the establishment of the C.P.A., with its three departments of Political Science, Economics, and Sociology, has been one of its most important features. This program was greatly facilitated and encouraged by the fact that more teachers of the college have fled from Peiping and come to Chengtu than the teachers of the other colleges (altogether six out of a total of thirteen in Peiping). After some preparatory work, the C.P.A. has therefore come into existence again, and it has now successfully concluded its first semester of work in Chengtu. The particulars of its present condition and outlook may be briefly given as follows.

I. Teachers.

The College at present has a faculty of nine full-time and four part-time teachers. In comparison with the past the present faculty is of much smaller size. But we are happy that we have such a faculty to begin with, and that its size compares favourably with the faculty of the other colleges. We feel particularly happy that some of our old teachers who left Yenching earlier have come back, and that among the new teachers we have some very distinguished scholars, such as Professor Chao Jen Chun and Mr. Hu Tzu Wei. The following list will give some idea of the present composition of the faculty of C.P.A.

A) Old teachers who taught in Peiping up to December 8, 1941

and then left Occupied China and who have now rejoined Yenching.

1) Mr. Cheng Lin-Chuang. Mr. Cheng was formerly Assistant Professor in Economics in Peiping. He is now Professor and Chairman of the Department of Economics.

2) Mr. Wu Chi-yu. Mr. Wu was formerly Professor and Chairman of the Political Science Department in Peiping. Besides his old duties, he is now also serving as the Acting Dean in the absence of Dean Gideon Ch'en.

3) Miss Ch'en Fang Chih. Miss Ch'en was formerly lecturer in Political Science. She is now serving the Department in the same capacity.

4) Miss Chou Li Chiu. Miss Chou was Assistant Professor of social work in Peiping. She is now Professor of the same subject.

5) Miss Kuang Jui Wu (Mrs. Cheng Lin Chuang). Mrs. Cheng was formerly lecturer in Sociology in Peiping. Now she is serving the Department of Sociology in the same capacity.

6) Mr. Liao Tai Chu. Mr. Liao was formerly instructor in rural education in the Education Department. He is now serving as part-time lecturer in the Department of Sociology.

B) Old teachers who left Yenching earlier than December 8, 1941, and who have now rejoined Yenching.

1) Mr. J.B.Taylor. As is perhaps known to the Foundation, Mr. Taylor is one of the elder professors of Yenching. He has been many years of service in many capacities in China. Since 1939 he has been connected with the Chinese Industrial Co-operatives. But recently he has rejoined the university and is now Chairman of the Committee on Social Studies and

Service described below, serving as a link between Yenching and the C.I.C. and also as Yenching's representative in Lan Chow.

2) Miss Tao Yu Su (Mrs. Lin Yeh Hua). Miss Tao was formerly Assistant in the Department of Economics. She went abroad in 1938 and took her M.A. degrees at Smith College in 1941. She is now instructor in the Department of Economics.

3) Mr. Li An Che. Mr. Li was formerly lecturer in the Sociology Department. He left Yenching in 1938, and has been for some time engaged in Anthropological work on the Tibetan border. He is now Professor and Chairman of the Sociology Department of West China Union University, but through an arrangement with that Institution he is also serving as the honorary Chairman of the Sociology Department of Yenching.

4) Mr. Lin Yueh Hua. Mr. Lin served the Department of Sociology formerly as an assistant. He went abroad and took his Ph.D. degree at Harvard in 1941. In 1941-2 he was Professor of Sociology in Yunnan University. He is now serving as an Assistant Professor in the Department of Sociology.

C) New teachers.

1) Mr. Chao Jen Tsun. Mr. Chao has a Ph.D. degree from Harvard. He has seen teaching service in many universities but primarily in Tsing Hua University. He is one of the foremost authorities on monetary problems in present day China. He is now serving as professor in the Department of Economics.

2) Mr. Li Cho Ling. Mr. Li is Professor of accounting in Nanking University. At the same time he also teaches one course of accounting in the Department of Economics.

3) Mr. Hu Tze Wei. Mr. Hu is the present Civil Commissioner of Szechuan Province. He is known as an authority on Chinese Civil law and is now teaching a course on that subject in Yenching.

4) Mr. Hsieh Yuan Fan. Mr. Hsieh is Professor of Political Science of the Kuang Hua University. He is now helping us with a course on Chinese Political History.

In addition the college is in negotiation with the following as prospective members of its faculty.

A) For the Department of Economics: Mr. Tang Ying Liang. Mr. Tang is also a Yenching graduate. He has a M.Sc. (Econ) degree from the London School of Economics and is now serving as assistant professor and Chairman of the Economics department of Hwa Chung University. He has recently indicated his willingness to come back to Yenching.

B) For Political Science Department: Messrs. Hsiao Kung Chuan and Tang Chun Ling. Mr. Hsiao was once connected with Yenching, but later taught in Tsing Hua, Szechuan and Kwang Hua Universities. He is the foremost scholar in Chinese political theory and we hope that we will be able to secure his return to us as a full-time member in the coming year. Mr. Tang was formerly Assistant in the Department. Since 1937 he has been teaching in Lingnan. Recently he has been Professor and Chairman of the Political Science Department there. It is very probable that he will join the Department of Political Science.

C) For Sociology Department: Mr. Wu Wen-tsao and Mr. Cato Yang. Mr. Wu, as is well known, has had a long connection with Yenching.

For the last few years he has been Yenching's representative in Free China. He is now connected with the National Defence Council but has indicated his wish to come back next academic year.

Mr. Yang as will be remembered was once Dean of the College. Since 1936 Mr. Yang has been with the Government, serving as the head of Department of Research of the Foreign Trade Commission. Recently he has promised to come back and head up the Sociology Department.

II. Students.

As is to be expected, the number of students of the C.P.A. has diminished. This is due partly to the difficulty of getting the upper class students out of Peiping. It is also partly due to the limitation of dormitory space and of other facilities for our students. As a result the previous number of more than 300 has now been reduced to 101 for the last semester while the registration returns this semester so far show only 96 which may be increased by some late registration. The distribution according to department for the two semesters is as follows:-

Table I. Student Distribution according to department for the Autumn Semester.

1) Economics
   Old students.....22
   New students.....40

2) Political Science
   Old students..... 8
   New students.....16

3) Sociology
   Old students..... 9
   New students..... 5

4) Modern Greats
   Old students..... 1

Total.....101

Table II. Student distribution according to department for the Spring Semester.

1) Economics
   Old students.....25
   New students.....32

2) Political Science
   Old students.....13
   New students..... 8

3) Sociology
   Old students.....10
   New students..... 8

Total.....96

III. Finance..

When the college was first re-opened last semester it depend-ed entirely on the University sources, which were drawn mainly from the Trustees in New York, the I.C.R., the Ministry of Education etc.. Recently the Rockefeller Foundation made a grant of G$4,000 to the college. It is, therefore, most gratifying to the member of the college to know that the Princeton-Yenching Foundation has G$8,500 available for the college upon submission of a work program. It is our hope that the program here submitted will be acceptable to the Foundation, so that the grant may be sent to us as soon as possible.

In this connection, it also needs to be pointed out that the present Rockefeller support to the college is treated as a part of their China program, which will expire at the end of the academic year 1943-1944. According to the present program the Rockefeller support to the college is on a diminishing scale beginning with G$6,000 two years ago and ending with G$7,000 for the coming academic year. In view of the inflationary situation in China Mr. Belfour, the China representative of the Rockefeller Foundation has practically committed himself to recommend-

ing G$6,000 for the college next year instead of G$8,000 as originally planned. But both for the next academic year and for the more distant future, it is quite clear that the college will be facing a financial problem if the Rockefeller Foundation support is discontinued. It is, therefore, our request that the Princeton-Yenching Foundation should have this picture in mind when making financial plans for the college.

The expenditure of the college for this year and the next year can be estimated from the budgets enclosed herewith. With the exchange rate of G$1.00 to G$20.00 the yield of two the grants of G$8,500, and G$4,000 from the Princeton-Yenching Foundation and the Rockefeller Foundation respectively will be N.C.$ 250,000. This will cover approximately the total of the college expenditure this year which is budgeted at N.C.$ 237,660.50. But the deficit will certainly be very great for the coming academic year if on the one hand the college expenditure is increased to $750,246.20 while on the other hand there is no appreciable increase in the income.

IV. Prospect:

There is no doubt that in Free China the C.P.A. not only enjoy intellectual freedom but also has great opportunity for creative work and service. On the other hand we are also faced with difficulties attendant on the lack of facilities and equipment in Chengtu. However, two lines of policy seem quite clear to us. (1) the strengthening of teaching and (2) the extension of field work. In both of these, it is our hope that we can have support, both moral and financial, from the Foundation. A few words about each of these feature is perhaps necessary.

(1) For the strengthening of Teaching the following lines of action seem to be necessary.

(a) First and foremost is the replenishment of the staff. The college has been understaffed since the Lu Koa Chiao Incident. The situation is even more serious today. We must have more teachers. As has been mentioned above the college is now taking steps to secure several new members. But more still will be wanted.

(b) Purchase of Books. With the loss of books in Peiping the college is now faced with a shortage for both teaching and research. The libraries of the other Christian Universities in Chengtu have allowed us to use their collections to some extent. But these libraries are already overtaxed, and the problem remains serious for us. Therefore we must buy more books.

Some words need also be said on the curriculum. The present cirriculum of the college follows closely the pattern prescribed by the Chinese Ministry of Education, which leaves only a rather narrow margin for initiative. But as far as possible the college is still laying stress on the courses in rural reconstruction, in international relations, and in social institutions, which were main lines of emphasis worked out by the college in Peiping.

(2) As has been shown above, the College is now faced with difficulties attendant on the lack of facilities and equipment. For the time being it is, therefore, impossible for us to do the kind of purely academic work that we have been doing in the past. On the other hand there is plenty of opportunity for us to study Social phenomena at first hand. Moreover, it also seems that we can make greater contribution to the reconstruction of China by adopting such a method of study. In view of this it is natural that we should lay greater emphasis on the practical

side of our work - that is, studying social problems thru first hand contact with and actual experiences in the field. Following are some of the plans which the College has worked out, - others will be added later.

(a) The Committee on Social Studies and Service. This Committee has been formed to collaborate with the Institute for the Advancement of Indusco in China in making social, economic and scientific studies, and in making experiments for the purpose of furthering the development of Industrial Co-operatives. It is motivated by the fact that there is a very considerable number of industries both in Kansu and Szechuan which offer opportunity for both study and service from the standpoint of social sciences. It is not entirely a College project as the studies have to include branches of knowledge and departments of study other than social sciences. But the college has the greater share of responsibility in the whole enterprise. The committee now consists of the following members. T.S. Taylor, T.R.Lapwood, Wu Chi-Yu, Li An-che, Paul Chang, Yan Chang-lien, Liao Tai-chu, Chang Yuan-lien, Cheng Lin-chung. It is expected that the Committee will soon enter into its function.

(b) Rural Studies. For the time being, the program in rural work is greatly handicapped by the fact that some of our ranking teachers of the rural side of social science cannot come here and join us. But the college is alive to the fact that rural reconstruction is and remains an important problem for the Chinese nation, and that with our record and tradition along this line in the past, this branch of study should by all means be encouraged. The college has, therefore, worked out a program of rural reconstruction based on the needs and conditions in Free China.

This program is described separately. It is hoped that the personnel of the college along this line may be strengthened in the very near future.

(c) Frontier Study. The present location of the University is near to the aboriginal people in Western China. It is natural that plenty of material concerning them will be available to us. Moreover, some of our teachers, e.g. Li An-che, Lin Yueh Hua, and Hu Chi-yu long ago developed an interest in the frontier regions. The College is, therefore, planning a course of study and actual survey of these people and regions in order that it may contribute to the solution of some of the pressing problems of the frontier regions.

(d) Training of Personnel for the Welfare of the disabled Soldiers. As can be imagined the present war has left many disabled soldiers among us. There is no doubt that their welfare constitutes a rich field for social service, and that we as a Christian institution should do our best to ameliorate the lot of our wounded compatriots. In this spirit the college has therefore entered into cooperation with the Committee for the Welfare of the disabled by undertaking personnel training program for this service to be financed by this latter organization. The program will go into effect this coming Fall.

Finally, a few words must also be said regarding College Publications. As printing is costly and difficult, College personnel reduced, and the reading circle greatly limited by the interrupted communication with the U.S., it is perhaps not

possible to revive the Former Yenching Journal of Social Studies in the immediate future. But it is expected that the extension work sponsored by the college will soon yield enough material for publishing such a journal. Pending the realization of this plan the College is thinking of publishing occasional papers on various subjects as a kind of supplement to the Journal.

Respectfully submitted by

Chi-yü Wu

Ch'i-yü Wu
Acting Dean of the College
of Public Affairs.

February 20, 1947.

CYW/MK

May 14, 1943

Mr. Chi-yu Wu
Yenching University
Chengtu, Szechwan, CHINA

Dear Mr. Wu:

Your letter of February 25th including the report for the College of Public Affairs has just been received and shared with Dr. Gamble.

We are all very enthusiastic about the manner in which the group in Chengtu have taken hold of the Yenching program. Without any desire to throw cold water on a projected program one thing must be said regarding the expenditures. It is to this effect that there is a very strong feeling in America that the wellsprings of income will not yield as abundantly as in the past. Even such allowances as have been made to meet the rise in cost of commodities and the cost of living cannot be considered as a continuing project. At several of our Board Meetings, the major emphasis has been upon setting aside funds for the Post-War Reconstruction Period and I am afraid that in spite of all that we can do that this idea will continue to grow. There are not unlimited funds available for carrying on this work.

This report has been studied by the staff here in New York and will be reported to the next meeting of the Executive Committee of the Princeton-Yenching Foundation.

We note the probable switch in the appropriation from The Rockefeller Foundation which rights must be born in mind by the field as well as our office here in New York.

We also note your effort to get Mr. Cato Yang to rejoin the Sociology Department and feel that some other sacrifices might be made if you could induce him to accept such an invitation. Reports which we have had indicate that he has done remarkably fine work.

With sincerest best wishes, I am

Very truly yours,

C. A. EVANS

CAE/B

Via China Clipper
c.c. via next Clipper

May 6, 1944

Dr. Chi-yu Wu
Yenching University
Chengtu, Szechwan
(FREE) CHINA

Dear Dr. Wu:

The Rockefeller Foundation has forwarded to us a paragraph from a letter which you wrote to Dr. Balfour under date of March 30th, 1944.

The $2,500 referred to in our cablegram has been explained in later correspondence but for your information may I say that the sending of this money to the field was an error on our part. Early in 1942, after Yenching was closed in Peking, the Foundation requested a release from the second half of their appropriation for the college work. We had no other recourse than to accede but with the reservation that there might have been commitments made against this appropriation which would develop later on. When Dr. Balfour returned to America he reviewed this situation and realizing that there are people in North China for whom the University has an obligation, the Rockefeller Foundation graciously agreed to pay us the $2,500 appropriation on condition that it be held in our office pending the time when it could be used for Chinese staff members still in North China.

Through a mistake in our office this money was sent to the field and I am exceedingly sorry that you have been caused any inconvenience. The full appropriations made by the Rockefeller Foundation have been paid to us and forwarded to the field.

Very truly yours,

C. A. EVANS

CAE:EW

Via: China Clipper
cc; Next Clipper
cc: Dr. Y. P. Mei

COPY - Mr. Corbett

The Rockefeller Foundation
International Health Division

Hotel Cecil
Delhi, India

July 14, 1944

Dear Professor Wu, Through President Y. G. Mei.

I am enclosing copies of letters addressed to Mr. Huang-ti and Mr. Hsu Yung-shun by our New York office in May. These are merely for your further information with reference to my letter of March 25 on the subject of their return. They have unfortunately utilized many excuses to delay their return, but our position is positive with respect to the final dates given for return travel expense.

While their personal feeling is comprehended and the immediate value of their services in China may not be paramount, there is a principle involved which I fear they have long overlooked. Their attitude and that of some others, has made many organizations and universities in the United States very skeptical about encouraging other Chinese to go abroad at present. I have persuaded the Foundation to consider further Health Division and Medical Science fellows, but not without difficulty because of such facts.

Very truly yours,

M. C. Balfour

Professor C. Y. Wu
College of Public Affairs
Yenching University in Chengtu
Chengtu, China

Yu. Evans

YENCHING UNIVERSITY IN CHENGTU, CHINA

FORTNIGHTLY LETTER

Dr. Ch'i-yü Wu -- Chairman of the Department of Political Science

March 15, 1945

Dear Colleagues and Friends:

According to schedule I was supposed to write you on February 15th. But because of my absence from the University in February I had to delay the matter. Recently I made a trip to Na-Shi, near Lu Hsien, in Southern Sze Ch'uan. The purpose of my trip was to see the widow and the children of my fourth brother who was recently killed in the Yun Nan-Burma border. He had been a soldier for over ten years in China's only chemical unit. When he died he was captain of a howitzer regiment. He left two children. Fortunately his widow is a very capable lady and can therefore look after his children. A good deal of tears were shed by her when I was in Na Shi. Her grief over the loss of her husband was deep.

I don't know what I should write. Miss Boynton perhaps has already arrived in the States. If so, you must have already had a good deal of information from her about the conditions of the university, its successes, prospects, as well as its shortcomings, difficulties and problems. W. T. Wu, who is in the States recently to attend the meetings of the Pacific Institute must also have supplied you with much interesting data about our work here. With such abundance of information at your disposal it is difficult for me to write anything. However I will give the following few items.

1. With the coming of the spring the health of our faculty members and students seems to have improved. Professor Chen Yin Ch'ueh, who was in hospital for treatment of eye-trouble, has at last improved enough to allow the doctors to discharge him. So has Mr. Chao Jen Tsun, Professor of Economics, who suffered from very critical pancreatics. He has been home for over a week now, and doctors say that he may resume work after about one more month's rest. Mrs. Lin Yueh Hwa who was an acute nephritis case has also recovered although she still has to be very careful. So the general health situation of our faculty members is improving.

2. The enlistment movement last semester started by the government has depleted our student body to the extent of about 100 people. In order to fill in these vacancies we had a regular entrance examination in this winter vacation and we took about 100 from a group of more than 700 applicants. This will put our student body in more normal shape.

3. We are sorry to say that recently we had confirmed news to the effect that both our ex-chancellor Mr. Wu Lei Ch'uan and ex-dean of the Arts College, Dr. H. Chow have passed away in Peiping, both because of hemorrhage due to high blood pressure. At first we were skeptical about the authenticity of the news but later on we got confirmation from several reliable sources. Our next tasks are to arrange a memorial service and to look after such posthumous interests of theirs as we can. It is certainly sad to have this news, but I think Yenching people ought to be informed about these developments, sad as they are. Because of this we feel doubly concerned about the welfare of those of our colleagues who still remain in Peiping. Our only hope is that war will terminate very soon so that they can all be liberated.

My personal regards to you all.

Yours very sincerely,
(Signed) Ch'i-yü Wu